

WJEC England Biology GCSE

SP1.3A: Enzymes

Practical notes









Enzymes

Aim

Investigation into factors (temperature) affecting enzyme action.

Amylase catalyses the reaction below:

Starch → Maltose

Equipment

- test tubes
- a test tube rack
- water baths (electrical or Bunsen burners and beakers)
- spotting tiles
- a 5 cm³ measuring cylinder
- syringes or 10 cm³ measuring cylinders
- a glass rod
- a stopwatch
- starch solution
- 10% amylase solution
- iodine solution
- thermometer

Method for temperature

- 1. On a tile, label each well with the time (from 0 onwards) and add a drop of iodine solution to each well.
- 2. Prepare a range of temperatures of water baths (from 20 to 60°C) at fixed 10°C intervals.
- 3. Transfer 3 cm³ of amylase into a labelled test tube and place in a water bath.
- 4. Transfer 3 cm³ of starch solution into a labelled test tube and place in the same water bath.
- 5. Allow time (a few minutes) for the temperature to equilibrate, then mix the 2 solutions together by stirring with a glass rod and start timing immediately.
- 6. Use the glass rod to transfer a drop of the mixture to the well labelled '0' on the tile.
- 7. Repeat step 6 every minute, rinsing the glass rod in between every test, until the iodine solution remains brown and does not turn blue-black.
- 8. Record results in a table as seen below.
- 9. Calculate the rate of enzyme reaction by using 1/ time taken for iodine solution to remain brown.
- 10. Repeat steps 2-8 for other temperatures of water baths.
- 11. Plot a graph of the rate of enzyme reaction against temperature.

Temperature	Time taken for amylase to completely break down all the starch / s	Rate of reaction / s ⁻¹







Controlled variables

- Volume and concentration of amylase solution
- Volume and concentration of starch solution
- Time interval between testing
- pH

Sources of error

The intervals in between testing the sample may be too long to accurately determine the time taken for starch to be broken down completely.

Potential Hazards

- Amylase solution is an irritant, wear eye protection and wash off immediately if it comes in contact with skin.
- Be careful using hot water.
- If using a Bunsen burner tie long hair back and wear goggles.



